

Under the Data Protection Act 1988 the Met police are to also obliged to release to the any person information it holds about them or their address on any system including the CAD system and Therefore I request all information requested within this official document of complaint.

**For Criminal Cases to Request a Witness: -**

(Criminal Procedure Rules, err. 28.3 and 28.4. This form is NOT for use where rule 28.5 (confidential information) applies.)

**For Civil Cases to Request a Witness: -**

N20 Witness Summons (05.14)

We Request Full Disclosure: -

We request full disclosure of the contents contained in MG6: Case file evidence/information.

We request full disclosure of the contents contained in MG6B: Police officer/staff misconduct records.

We request full disclosure of the contents contained in MG6C: Disclosure schedule – non-sensitive unused material.

We request full disclosure of the contents contained in MG6D: Disclosure schedule – sensitive unused material.

We request full disclosure of the contents contained in MG6E: Disclosure officer’s reports.

**All Cads and any Missing Cads, in Unedited Format: -**

The Appellant requests copies from the local council authority environmental teams under the environmental act 1990 this is to disclose any CD relating to a section 80 abatement notice of noise nuisance from amplified music, sighted within the Antisocial Behaviour Order (ASBO) application in pursuit of the respondent.

In regards to MG9: we request the following Witness to attended court

1. The applicant Needs a Solicitor to help
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

In regards to MG10: Witness non-availability the applicant requests full disclosure.

We request full disclosure of the police PNB books to all officers sited in events contained in the incidents within the Antisocial Behaviour Order (ASBO) application inclusive of all officers who attended Crown Road and other sited CFS location’s addresses.

**The Disclosure Process: -**

For the purposes of disclosure, “document” means anything on which information of any description is recorded. This includes written material as well as photographs, plans, drawings, and video and sound recordings. Importantly, it also includes any electronic records such as e-mails.

The disclosure process is a statutory duty under the Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996 including Codes of Practice (CPIA). The general rule in English litigation is that the parties should have access to all relevant documents, including those of their adversary. This “cards on the table” approach is also enshrined in the Civil Procedure Rules relating to disclosure.

There is also a Common Law duty on the prosecutor to disclose material before the duty arises under the Act, where it is significant, e.g. a victim’s previous convictions or information that might affect a bail decision.