

towards “the role need to be proved to the criminal standards so for a judge to impose a Proven verdict in relation to organising”

National Standards Incident Recording Regulations: -

I would first like any reader to have a full understanding of the knowledge needed to be addressed at this point of this complaint in reference to the “NSIR” what is the national standards incident recording regulations that are governed under the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000.

The NSIR does quote the following, when any state official is recording police information them procedures must comply in accordance with the national standards incident recording polices and them person(s) are to:

- Ensure that all police information is held in accordance with the law
- Support all correct decisions that are made through the intelligence process with utmost respect for “Vision and Purpose Statements for Crime Recording (NCRS & HOCR)” what are in respect to the Home Office Counting Rules for Recorded Crime.
- Provide a fair an auditable decision-making process.
- Corroborate all related and interlinked information.
- Allow all information to be shared in compliance with the data protection Act 1998 and Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000.

Policing Values:

The College of Policing “Code of Ethics” set out nine explicit values that are intended to ensure standards of professional behaviour for both police officers and police staff:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
<i>Due responsibility with issues of Openness</i>	<i>Due responsibility with issues of Integrity</i>	<i>Due responsibility with issues of Accountability</i>	<i>Due responsibility with issues of Respect</i>	<i>Due responsibility with issues of Leadership</i>
6.	7.	8.	9.	
Due responsibility with issues of Fairness	Due responsibility with issues of Selflessness	Due responsibility with issues of Objectivity	Due responsibility with issues of Honesty	

CPS REVIEWING OF CASE FILES: -

Duty Prosecutors must apply the Code for Crown Prosecutors when reviewing any case received from the police, and continue to do so during the life of a case, to be satisfied that there is sufficient evidence to provide a realistic prospect of conviction against each defendant for each offence and that it is in the public interest to proceed.

Crown Prosecutors must also consider any human rights issues that arise.

The Joint Performance Standards: -

Standard 1 – Police will undertake an effective, early investigation to reduce use of pre-charge bail: -

Standard 2 – Police will obtain ‘key evidence’ before referral to a prosecutor for a charging decision: -

Standard 3 – Police will themselves charge or NFA cases in accordance with the DPP’s Guidance on Charging: -